Currency Reporting

It is legal to transport any amount of currency or other monetary instruments into or out of the United States. However, if you transport, attempt to transport, or cause to be transported (including by mail or other means) currency or other monetary instruments in an aggregate amount exceeding \$10,000 (or its foreign equivalent) at one time from the United States to any foreign place, or into the United States from any foreign place, you must file a report with U.S. Customs. This report is called the Report of International Transportation of Currency or Monetary Instruments, Customs Form 4790 (http://www.customs.gov/travel/forms.htm). Furthermore, if you receive in the United States, currency or other monetary instruments in an aggregate amount exceeding \$10,000 (or its foreign equivalent) at one time which has been transported, mailed, or shipped to you from any foreign place, you must file a CF-4790. These forms can be obtained at all U.S. ports of entry and departure.

Monetary instruments include: 1) U.S. or foreign coins and currency; 2) traveler checks in any form; 3) negotiable instruments (including checks, promissory notes, and money orders) that are either in bearer form, endorsed without restriction, made out to a fictitious payee, or otherwise in such form that title thereto passes upon delivery; 4) incomplete instruments (including checks, promissory notes, and money orders) signed, but with they payee's name omitted; and 5) securities or stock in bearer form or otherwise in such form that title thereto passes upon delivery. However, the term "monetary instruments" does not include: 1) checks or money orders made payable to the order of a named person which have not been endorsed or which bear restrictive endorsements; 2) warehouse receipts; or 3) bills of lading. Reporting is required under the Currency and Foreign Transaction Reporting Act (PL 97-258, 31 U.S.C. 5311, et seq.), as amended. Failure to comply can result in civil and criminal penalties and may lead to forfeiture of your monetary instrument(s).

U.S. Customs Service 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20229 Telephone (202) 927-1520

Customs ports (http://www.customs.gov/location/ports/index.htm) are located in the following cities:

Anchorage, Alaska 99501 Baltimore, Maryland 21202 Boston, Massachusetts 02222-1059 Buffalo. New York 14202 Charleston, South Carolina 29401 Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, VI 00801 Charlotte, North Carolina 28217 Chicago, Illinois 60607-4523 Cleveland. Ohio 44130-7939 Dallas/Ft. Worth, Texas 75261 Detroit, Michigan 48226 Duluth, Minnesota 55801 El Paso, Texas 79907 Great Falls, Montana 59403 Honolulu. Hawaii 96813 Houston, Texas 77029 Laredo, Texas 78044 Los Angeles/Long Beach, California 90731 Miami, Florida 33102-2580 Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53237-0260 Minneapolis, Minnesota 55401 Mobile, Alabama 36602 Newark, New Jersey 07114

New Orleans, Louisiana 70130 New York, New York 10119 Nogales, Arizona 85621 Norfolk, Virginia 23510 Ogdensburg, New York 13669 Pembina, North Dakota 58271 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19106 Port Arthur, Texas 77642 Portland, Maine 04112 Portland, Oregon 97209 Providence, Rhode Island 02905 St. Albans, Vermont 05478 San Antonio, Texas 78216 St. Louis, Missouri 63134 San Diego, California 92101 San Francisco, California 94105 San Juan, Puerto Rico 00901 Savannah, Georgia 31401 Seattle, Washington 98104-1049 Tampa, Florida 33605 Washington, D.C. 20041 Wilmington, North Carolina 28401

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